

Diagonals of rational power series and their uses in combinatorics, number theory, and computer science

Jason Bell (University of Waterloo)

Given a power series $F(x_1, \dots, x_d) = \sum f_{\{i_1, \dots, i_d\}} x_1^{i_1} \dots x_d^{i_d}$, one can form a one-variable power series $\Delta(F)(t) = \sum f_{\{n, n, \dots, n\}} t^n$, called the diagonal of F . When F is the power series expansion of a rational function, the diagonal enjoys many nice properties, including satisfying a linear homogeneous differential equation with polynomial coefficients. Many natural generating functions arising in combinatorial enumeration can be expressed as diagonals and this fact often gives one a wealth of information about congruences of coefficients mod primes and asymptotic information. We give a survey of the theory of diagonals and discuss some more recent results and some of their applications to other areas of mathematics.